FINANCIAL STATEMENT with
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT1
FINANCIAL SECTION
Statement 1 SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH4
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT5
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule 1 SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET
Schedule 2 SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
2-1 General Fund13
Special Purpose Funds  2-2 Employee Benefits Fund
Bond and Interest Fund  2-9 Bond and Interest Fund20
Business Funds 2-12 Water, Sewer and Refuse Utility Fund
Schedule 3 SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
Agency Fund
3-1 Water Deposits Fund23

FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION

1100 W. Frontview P. O. Box 1477 Dodge City, Kansas 67801 Tel. (620) 227-3135 Fax (620) 227-2308 JAMES W. KENNEDY, CPA JAMES R. SHIRLEY, CPA LU ANN WETMORE, CPA ROBERT C. NEIDHART, CPA PATRICK M. FRIESS, CPA JOHN W. HENDRICKSON, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Syracuse, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Syracuse, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 and the related notes to the financial statement.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note A to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Kansas. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note A, the financial statement is prepared by the City of Syracuse, Kansas to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note A and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Syracuse, Kansas as of December 31, 2012, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

#### **Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Syracuse, Kansas as of December 31, 2012, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note A.

#### **Report on Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget, individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures, schedule of regulatory basis receipts and disbursements – agency funds (Schedules 1, 2, and 3 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

The 2011 Actual columns presented in the individual fund schedules of cash receipts and expenditures, (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) upon which we rendered an unqualified opinion dated May 18, 2012 are also presented for comparative analysis and are not a required part of the 2012 financial statement. The 2011 financial statements and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration, Office of Management and Analysis and Standards at the following link <a href="http://da.ks.gov/ar/muniserv/">http://da.ks.gov/ar/muniserv/</a>. Such 2011 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2011 financial statements. The 2011 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2011 financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2011 financial statements or to the 2011 financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2011 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2011 financial statements as a whole.

Kennedy McKee & Company LLP

May 23, 2013

# SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH REGULATORY BASIS

Year ended December 31, 2012

<u>Fund</u>	Beginning unencumbered cash balance	Prior year canceled encumbrances			
General fund	\$ 102,388	\$ -			
SPECIAL PURPOSE FUNDS:					
Employee benefits	48,506	-			
Parks and recreation	3,506	-			
Special highway	14,409	-			
Fire fighting equipment	28,340	-			
Street machinery	66,376	-			
Capital improvements	67,878_				
Total special purpose funds	229,015				
BOND AND INTEREST FUND:					
Bond and interest	1,270_				
BUSINESS FUNDS:					
Water, sewer and refuse utility	192,559	-			
Utility depreciation reserve	301,085_				
Total business funds	493,644				
Total - excluding agency fund	\$ 826,317	\$ -			

#### Composition of cash:

Checking and savings accounts Certificates of deposit Utility petty cash checking Petty cash

Total cash

Water deposits agency fund

Total cash - excluding agency fund

See notes to financial statement.

Cash receipts	Expenditures	Ending unencumbered cash balance	Add outstanding encumbrances and accounts payable	Ending cash balance
\$ 769,886	\$ 700,324	\$ 171,950	\$ 4,013	\$ 175,963
79,891 2,098 48,207 4,204 - 75,880	88,914 1,751 42,636 24,689 - 44,851	39,483 3,853 19,980 7,855 66,376 98,907	- - - - -	39,483 3,853 19,980 7,855 66,376 98,907
210,280	202,841	236,454	<u> </u>	236,454
15,785	16,000	1,055	<u></u> _	1,055
654,098 80,000	653,828 	192,829 381,085	7,020 	199,849 381,085
734,098	653,828	573,914	7,020	580,934
\$ 1,730,049	\$ 1,572,993	\$ 983,373	\$ 11,033	\$ 994,406
				\$ 415,407 602,159 790 210
				24,160
				\$ 994,406

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2012

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist in understanding the City's financial statement. The financial statement and notes are the representation of the City's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

#### Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Syracuse, Kansas is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. The City has no related municipal entities.

#### 2. Regulatory Basis Fund Types

<u>General fund</u> - the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purpose fund</u> – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific revenue sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

<u>Bond and Interest fund</u> – used to account for the accumulation of resources, including tax levies, transfers from other funds and payment of general long-term debt.

<u>Business fund</u> – funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services.

<u>Agency fund</u> – funds used to report assets held by the municipal reporting entity in a purely custodial capacity.

# 3. Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis revenues and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 4. Budgetary information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), debt service funds, and enterprise funds. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in the official newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for 2012.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year-end.

A legal operating budget is not required for utility reserve funds, agency funds, and the street machinery and capital improvements special purpose funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement are controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

#### B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds to have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks to provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2012.

At December 31, 2012 the carrying amount of the City's deposits, including certificates of deposit, was \$1,018,566 and the bank balance was \$1,116,794. Of the bank balance, \$653,119 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$463,675 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions agents in the City's name.

# C. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term liabilities for the entity for the year ended December 31, 2012, were as follows:

<u>Issue</u>	Balance beginning of year	Additions	Reductions/ net change	Balance end of year	Interest paid
General obligation bonds: Fire Truck Issued August 27, 2007 In the amount of \$160,000					
At an interest rate of -0-% Maturing February 1, 2018 Loan from Firemen's Relief Association: Fire Equipment Issued May 15, 2012	\$ 96,000	\$ -	\$ 16,000	\$ 80,000	\$ -
In the amount of \$26,323 At an interest rate of 5% Maturing May 15, 2012 Capital leases: Street Sweeper	-	26,323	1,030	25,293	658
Issued April 15, 2010 In the amount of \$154,248 At an interest rate of 4.501% Maturing April 15, 2014 Polaris Ranger Issued June 15, 2008	92,429	-	29,463	62,966	4,160
In the amount of \$9,600 At an interest rate of 4.085% Maturing June 15, 2012 Refuse Truck	2,331	-	2,331	-	89
Issued December 19, 2008 In the amount of \$112,217 At an interest rate of 3.999% Maturing December 19, 2012 Backhoe Issued September 1, 2012	23,046	-	23,046	-	922
In the amount of \$69,359 At an interest rate of 4.601% Maturing September 1, 2018 Refuse Truck Issued December 17, 2012 In the amount of \$125,511	-	69,359	-	69,359	-
At an interest rate of 3.501% Maturing December 17, 2017		125,511		125,511	
Total long-term debt	\$ 213,806	<u>\$ 194,870</u>	\$ 70,840	\$ 337,836	\$ 5,171

# C. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Current maturities of general obligation bonds through maturity are as follows:

	F	rincipal due
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	\$	16,000 16,000 16,000 16,000
Total	\$	80,000

Current maturities of the loan from the Firemen's Relief Association for the next five years and in five year increments through maturity are as follows:

	F	rincipal due
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018-2022	\$	2,139 2,247 2,361 2,480 2,606 13,460
Total	<u>\$</u>	25,293

Current maturities of capital leases and interest for the next five years and in five year increments through maturity are as follows:

		Principal due	 nterest due	Total <u>due</u>		
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	\$	64,420 67,097 36,263 37,656 39,501 12,899	\$ 10,420 7,743 4,953 3,560 2,112 593	\$	74,840 74,840 41,216 41,216 41,613 13,492	
Total	<u>\$</u>	257,836	\$ 29,381	\$	287,217	

#### D. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Operating transfers were as follows:

<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	Statutory <u>authority</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>mount</u>
Water, sewer and refuse utility Water, sewer	Utility depreciation reserve	K.S.A. 12-825d	\$	80,000
and refuse utility General	General Capital improvement	K.S.A. 12-825d K.S.A. 12-1,118		50,000 30,000

#### E. PENSION COSTS AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### 1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

Plan description. The City of Syracuse, Kansas, contributes to the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. KPERS provides retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603), at the following website: <a href="http://www.kpers.org/annualreport2012.pdf">http://www.kpers.org/annualreport2012.pdf</a> or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Funding Policy. K.S.A. 74-419 and 74-49,210 establish the KPERS memberemployee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2009 KPERS has two benefit structures and funding depends on whether the employee is a Tier 1 or Tier 2 member. Tier 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July, 1, 2009. Tier 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009. Kansas law establishes the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 4% of covered salary for Tier 1 members and at 6% of covered salary for Tier 2 members. The employer collects and remits member-employee contributions according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. Kansas law provides that employer contribution rates be determined annually based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. KPERS is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The City of Syracuse, Kansas employer contributions to KPERS for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$30,893, \$27,301 and \$24,484, respectively, equal to the regulatory required contributions for each year as set forth by the legislature.

#### 2. Other Employee Benefits

Vacation leave – Ten working days per year are allowed as vacation leave to regular full time City employees. If not used by year-end, these days are lost.

Sick leave – Sick leave for regular full time employees is earned at a rate of one day per month and may accrue up to a maximum of 720 hours. Unused sick leave will not be paid upon termination or resignation.

#### 3. Other Post Employment Benefits.

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the City is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in the financial statement. This year the City had no retirees participating in the health insurance.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

#### F. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; and medical needs of employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover health, property, liability, and worker's compensation claims. There has been no reduction in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

#### G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through May 20, 2013, the date on which the financial statements were available to be used. Management's evaluation concluded that there are no subsequent events that are required to be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements.

# REGULATORY-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

Year ended December 31, 2012

<u>Fund</u>		Certified budget		iustment for ualifying oudget credits	Total budget for mparison	ch	penditures pargeable p current year	fa	/ariance avorable favorable)
General fund	\$	799,800	\$	-	\$ 799,800	\$	700,324	\$	99,476
Special purpose funds:		115 000			115 000		00.014		00.000
Employee benefits		115,000		-	115,000		88,914		26,086
Parks and recreation		5,000		-	5,000		1,751		3,249
Special highway		75,000		-	75,000		42,636		32,364
Fire fighting equipment		32,500		-	32,500		23,000		9,500
Bond and interest fund:									
Bond and interest		16,000		-	16,000		16,000		-
Business fund:									
Water, sewer and									
refuse utility		730,000			730,000		653,828		76,172
Total	\$	1,773,300	\$	-	\$ 1,773,300	\$	1,526,453	\$	246,847

#### GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

	Year ended December 31,								
				2012					
								ariance	
								vorable	
		2011		Actual		Budget	(unf	avorable)	
Cash receipts:									
Taxes and shared revenue:									
Ad valorem property tax	\$	183,048	\$	207,837	\$	213,827	\$	(5,990)	
Delinquent tax		4,208		7,962		5,650		2,312	
Motor vehicle tax		40,141		41,935		35,929		6,006	
Franchise tax		71,842		76,481		65,000		11,481	
Sales and compensating use tax		240,037		248,246		225,000		23,246	
Alcohol tax		2,946		2,099		3,000		(901)	
Guest tax		-		5,697		7,000		(1,303)	
County solid waste		95,679		85,560		94,000		(8,440)	
Charges for services		12,365		11,035		20,000		(8,965)	
Licenses and permits		4,671		4,804		4,000		804	
Fines		2,487		1,604		2,000		(396)	
Interest		2,220		1,874		2,500		(626)	
Miscellaneous		26,142		24,752		2,000		22,752	
Operating transfer in		35,000		50,000		50,000			
oporating transfer in		00,000		00,000		00,000			
Total cash receipts		720,786		769,886	\$	729,906	\$	39,980	
Expenditures:									
General government		211,476		216,069	\$	240,000	\$	23,931	
Fire protection		23,493		29,313	Ψ	25,000	*	(4,313)	
Police protection		112,592		114,576		120,000		5,424	
Highways and streets		161,000		149,725		160,000		10,275	
Street lighting		26,469		27,795		30,000		2,205	
Park department		4,446		7,613		20,000		12,387	
Sanitation		49,605		52,735		60,000		7,265	
Airport appropriation		16,000		16,000		16,000		7,200	
Economic development		16,800		16,800		16,800		_	
Sandhill ATV park		77,945		39,698		75,000		35,302	
Tourism		77,343		39,090		7,000		7,000	
Operating transfer out		10,000		30,000		30,000		7,000	
					_			00.470	
Total expenditures and transfers		709,826		700,324	\$	799,800	\$	99,476	
Receipts over (under) expenditures		10,960		69,562					
Unencumbered cash, beginning									
of year		91,428		102,388	\$	69,894	\$	32,494	
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	102,388	\$	171,950					

### **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

	Year ended December 31,									
	2012									
	2011			Actual		Budget		ariance vorable favorable)		
Cash receipts: Taxes:										
Ad valorem property tax	\$	81,896	\$	57,348	\$	59,000	\$	(1,652)		
Delinquent tax		1,782		3,273		1,000		2,273		
Motor vehicle tax		18,370		19,270		16,074		3,196		
Total cash receipts		102,048		79,891	\$	76,074	\$	3,817		
Expenditures:										
Health insurance		48,966		55,014	\$	70,000	\$	14,986		
FICA		16,552		17,289		20,000		2,711		
KPERS and unemployment		13,884		16,611		25,000		8,389		
Total expenditures		79,402		88,914	\$	115,000	\$	26,086		
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning		22,646		(9,023)						
of year		25,860		48,506	\$	38,926	\$	9,580		
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	48,506	\$	39,483						

### PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

		Year ended December 31, 2012							
	2011		Actual		Budget		fav	ariance vorable avorable)	
Cash receipts: Alcohol tax	\$	2,947	\$	2,098	\$	3,000	\$	(902)	
Expenditures: Parks and recreation		1,608		1,751	\$	5,000	\$	3,249	
Receipts over (under) expenditures		1,339		347					
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		2,167		3,506	\$	2,000	\$	1,506	
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	3,506	\$	3,853					

#### SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

			Y	ear ended	Decem	ber 31, 2012		
	2011			Actual		Budget	fa	rariance avorable favorable)
Cash receipts: Gasoline tax	\$	46,609	\$	48,207	\$	47,990	\$	217
Expenditures: Street maintenance		39,943		42,636	\$	75,000	\$	32,364
Receipts over (under) expenditures		6,666		5,571				
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		7,743		14,409	\$	27,010	\$	(12,601)
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	14,409	\$	19,980				

### FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

	Year ended December 31,										
	<u>-</u>					2012					
	2011			Actual		Budget		ariance vorable avorable)			
Cash receipts: Taxes:											
Ad valorem property tax Delinquent tax	\$	3,313 78	\$	3,294 147	\$	3,382 220	\$	(88) (73)			
Motor vehicle tax		743		763		649		114			
Total cash receipts		4,134		4,204	\$	4,251	\$	(47)			
Expenditures:											
Equipment Loan payments		<u>-</u>		23,000 1,689	\$	32,500	\$ 	9,500 (1,689)			
Total expenditures				24,689	\$	32,500	\$	7,811			
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning		4,134		(20,485)							
of year		24,206		28,340	\$	28,249	\$	91			
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	28,340	\$	7,855							

### STREET MACHINERY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

	Y	'ear ended D	ecem	ber 31,
		2011		2012
Cash receipts: Transfer from general	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures: Equipment		<u>-</u>		
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		66,376		66,376
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	66,376	\$	66,376

### CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

	Year ended December				
		2011		2012	
Cash receipts: Grant from KDOT Donations	\$	- -	\$	16,557 3,000	
Loan from Firemen's Relief Association Operating transfer in		10,000		26,323 30,000	
Total cash receipts		10,000		75,880	
Expenditures: Capital outlay		9,846		44,851	
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		154 67,724		31,029 67,878	
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	67,878	\$	98,907	

### BOND AND INTEREST FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

	Year ended December 31,										
						2012					
	2011			Actual	Budget		fav	riance orable vorable)			
Cash receipts: Taxes:											
Ad valorem property tax Delinquent tax Motor vehicle tax	\$	12,732 277 3,063	\$	12,344 517 2,924	\$	12,695 100 2,498	\$	(351) 417 426			
Total cash receipts		16,072		15,785	\$	15,293	\$	492			
Expenditures: Bond principal		16,000		16,000	\$	16,000	\$	<u>-</u>			
Receipts over (under) expenditures		72		(215)							
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		1,198		1,270	\$	707	\$	563			
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	1,270	\$	1,055							

# WATER, SEWER AND REFUSE UTILITY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

	Year ended December 31,									
						2012				
	2011			Actual		Budget		/ariance avorable ifavorable)		
Cash receipts:										
Water sales	\$	337,810	\$	351,987	\$	300,000	\$	51,987		
Sewer charges		124,871		125,075		125,000	·	75		
Refuse charges		152,471		151,344		155,000		(3,656)		
Sales tax		10,636		11,257		10,000		1,257		
Penalties		9,002		8,428		5,000		3,428		
Interest		1,910		1,839		2,000		(161)		
Miscellaneous		4,433		4,168		3,000		1,168		
Total cash receipts		641,133		654,098	\$	600,000	\$	54,098		
Expenditures:										
Water expense		381,513		357,458	\$	375,000	\$	17,542		
Sewer expense		42,069		54,732		65,000		10,268		
Refuse expense		114,604		111,638		140,000		28,362		
Transfers		70,000		130,000		150,000		20,000		
Total expenditures and transfers		608,186		653,828	\$	730,000	\$	76,172		
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning		32,947		270						
of year		159,612		192,559	\$	157,612	\$	34,947		
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	192,559	\$	192,829	\$	27,612	\$	165,217		

### UTILITY DEPRECIATION RESERVE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

	Year end	ed December 31,
	2011	2012
Cash receipts: Transfers	\$ 35,00	0 \$ 80,000
Expenditures: Capital outlay		<u>-</u>
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	35,00 266,08	•
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 301,08	5 \$ 381,085

# WATER DEPOSITS FUND

# SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS REGULATORY BASIS

Year ended December 31, 2012

	Balance January 1,		(	Cash		Cash disburse-		Balance December 31,	
<u>Fund</u>		2012		eceipts		nents		2012	
Water deposits	\$	21,410	\$	7,125	\$	4,375	\$	24,160	